

# **ISHMII**

The International Society for Structural Health Monitoring of Intelligent Infrastructure

Founded and formed in 2003 on the vision of a **few distinguished members** of civil engineering community (Founding President: Prof. Mufti, Univ. of Manitoba,

Following President: Prof. Ansari, Univ. of IL at Chicago)

Dedicated for Advancement of Structural Health Monitoring Technologies and related Asset Management Methodologies for Engineering Structures



# Proposed objectives to be discussed

Promoting SHM systems alongside NDT/NED methodologies to avoid damage and consequent economical & societal problems

- Mutual presentation of current activities in SHM; structures of interest
- Presentation of the ISHMII's objectives and society structure
- Discussion of possible touch points for a future cooperation between Abendi and ISHMII; networking; key tasks
- Building bridges between the Latin American academia (experts and PhD students) & SHM industry supported by ISHMII; benefits from ISHMII publications (Journal, e-magazine)



ITORING OF INTELLIGENT INFRASTRUCT

# **Objectives of ISHMII** (see also flyer or website)

- Promoting innovative structural monitoring solutions as an integrated part of designed and exisiting structures
- Providing a platform for engaged and globally interacting members who foster collaboration with national or regional associations
- Respond to technical and societal challenges to manage risks (historical structures, structures in dense urban regions and for large public gatherings)
- Knowledge sharing and experience exchange among international experts and communities
- Multi-disciplinary research for risk management and estimation of the structure's remaining life
- Foster international standardization
- Accelerate the acceptance of SHM as a major performance measurement and evaluation tool by owners and authorities

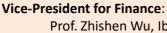






# **Management Team**

**President**: Dr. Wolfgang Habel, BAM Berlin/Germany



Prof. Zhishen Wu, Ibaraki Univ. Tokio & Southeast Univ. Nanjing, China



→ Next President (President-elect): 2017 - 2019



#### **Vice-President for Education:**

Prof. Branko Glisic, Princeton Univ. USA

# **Vice-President for Membership Development:**

Prof. George Akhras, Royal Military College of Canada in Kingston/Canada



February 19, 2016



Constitution and By-Laws International Society for Structural Health Monitoring of Intelligent Infrastructures (ISHMII)

Amended and Adopted February 2016

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# **Members of ISHMII**

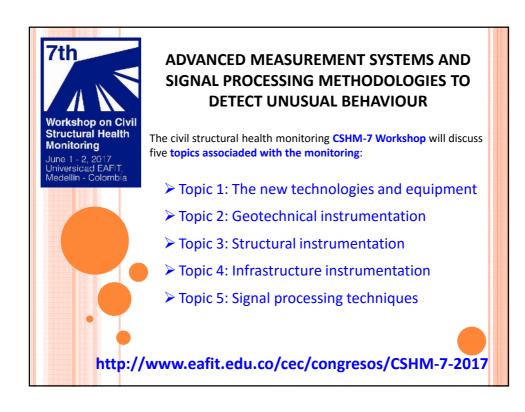
- **Practitioners**
- Scientists
- Students and students groups
- Engineers working in the field and academia
- Leading members of governmental and regional authorities
- Infrastructure managers, Consultants







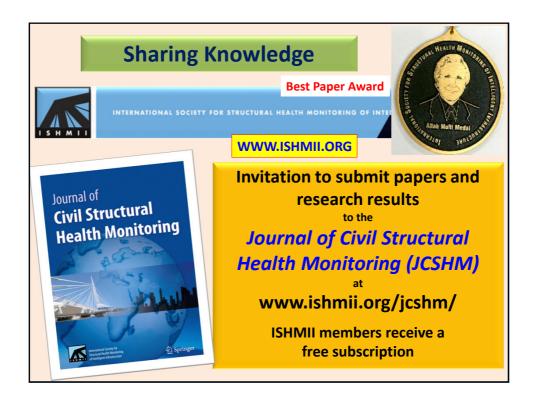
















# ISHMII Task Force "SHM Standardization"

#### Chair team:

Chair: Zhishen S.Wu (Japan, China) Co-chairs, Y.Q. Ni (Hong Kong, China), J. Brownjohn(UK)

# Key Members:

F. Ansari (USA), B. Glisic (USA), P. Furtner (Austria), W. Habel (Germany), Y. Lei (China), H.N. Li (China), H. Li (China), Y. Lu (UK), A. Mufti (Canada), J-T Kim (South Korea), J. Newhook (Canada), B. Shi (China), H. Wenzel (Austria), Douglas Thomson (Canada), J. Zhang (China), Y.F.Zhang (China)

### Co-operating countries and regions:

Austria ,Canada, China(Mainland, Hong Kong) , Germany , Japan, South Korea, USA



# **ISHMII Task Force "SHM Standardization"**

## Goals and tasks:

- Develop international model codes (ISHMII code series ) for SHM of infrastructure;
- Establish the architecture of intelligent infrastructure;
- ➤ Maintain the state-of-the-art and the state-of-practice knowledge database on SHM and intelligent infrastructure;
- Promote the exchange of information and harmonization on SHM documentations, specifications, and guidelines from different counties and regions.

#### Deliverables:

- Survey and State-of-the-art report on SHM standardization activities from different counties and regions by Sommer 2015;
- ➤ ISHMII code series (ISHMII SHM code: is being completed) including concept and framework of intelligent infrastructure

### ISHMII Task Force "SHM Standardization"

www.ishmii.org



# Structure of ISHMII series codes on SHM of Civil Infrastructures as international model codes

Level 1 - ISHMII Code: General Principles, Definitions and Approaches

The guide should be sufficiently broad and also accessible (i.e. intelligible) to a range of stakeholders in SHM, from the structure operator to the academic expert.

Level 2 - ISHMII Code: For Different Major Structures or Major Sensing Technologies

Under consideration:

- Guideline for the Design of SHM for Bridge Structures
- Guideline for the Design of SHM for Geotechnical Engineering
- Guideline of Fibre-Optic Sensors based SHM for Civil Infrastructures

**Level 3 - ISHMII Code**: Recommended SHM guidelines (or standards) of different countries or regions

#### ISHMII Task Force "SHM Standardization"



Level 1-ISHMII Code: General Principles, Definitions and Approaches

#### 1. Introduction

- 1.1 Scope of the standardization
- 1.2 Basic concepts
- 1.3 Category of structures/structure crowds(network): <u>Structure category, Monitoring type, Demands, Monitoring period, Signal transmission and Acquisition type</u>
- 1.4 Objectives of SHM
- 1.5 Relations among routine inspection, NDE inspection and SHM

### 2. Definitions for Damage, Performance, Health, and SHM

- 2.1 Structural Damages
- 2.2 Structural Performances
- 2.3 Structural Health
- 2.4 SHM

#### 3. Composition of SHM and Monitoring Strategies

- 3.1 Composition of SHM: SHM functions and SHM systems
- 3.2 Monitoring Strategies

#### 4. Sensors/sensing System

- 4.1. Sensors: Strain, Displacement, Acceleration, Pressure, Velocity, Corrosion, Temperature, Wind, etc.)
- 4.2 Implementation Methods: <u>Monitoring system design, Sensor installation, Signal transmission, Data collection</u>
- 4.3 Performance Requirement and Evaluations: <u>Sensor performance, Environmental conditions, and Economic considerations</u>

### ISHMII Task Force "SHM Standardization"

Level 1-ISHMII Code: General Principles, Definitions and Approaches



#### 5. Data Acquisition and Management Systems

- 5.1 Data Acquisition System: <u>Components of data acquisition systems, Types of data acquisition systems, Data Acquisition Modes</u>
- 5.2. Data Management System: <u>Functions of data management system, Components of data management system, Key Operation Items in DMS</u>

#### 6. Networking, Communication, and Control

- 6.1 Networking
- 6.2 Data Communication: <u>Communication Protocols, Modes of Communication</u>
- 6.3 Data Processing and Control system

#### 7. Measurement Calibration and Data Interpretation

- 7.1 Types and Sources of System Errors: <u>Systematic or Bias Errors, Random Errors</u>
- 7.2 Calibration of analysis errors

#### 8. Structural Diagnosis and Prognosis

- 8.1 Algorithms of structural condition parameters and damages: <u>Deformation, Stiffness, Dynamic responses, Finite element modeling modification, Damages, Support degradation, etc.</u>
- 8.2 Assessment on Environmental Conditions and Loads
- 8.3 Performance Evaluations: <u>Performance Limits for Evaluation (bridge, tunnels)</u>, <u>Applications of structural health</u> evaluation
- 8.4 Evaluations of Residual Life
- 9. Examples (10 examples including: Bridge health monitoring system of Tsing Ma Bridge, Distributed Long-gauge Sensing of Sutong Yangtze River Highway Bridge)
- 10. Appendix: Commercially Available Sensor Technologies

# Integrated assessment and management system (IMS)



Integrated



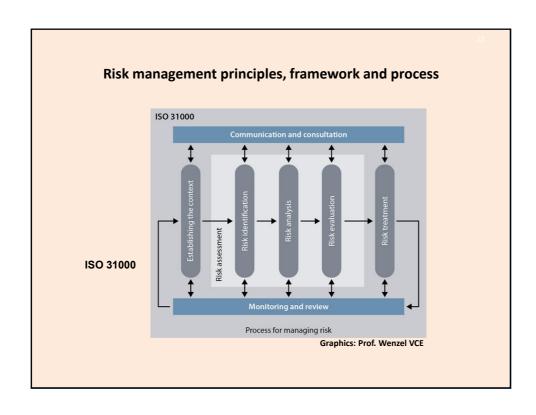
- Interaction of all structure components during their life cycle
- Critical lifecycle costbenefit analysis
- Combining the vertical elements of the IMS with the risk management elements

### Presumption:

- Harmonization of existing approaches
- Risk Management across all managment system elements including emergency, crisis and continuity management

**Graphics: Prof. Wenzel VCE** 

- Development of international model codes for SHM of infrastructure





### **Asset management**

#### ISO 55000:2014

# Asset management - Overview, principles and terminology

ISO 55000:2014 provides an overview of asset management, its principles and terminology, and the expected benefits from adopting asset management.

ISO 55000:2014 can be applied to all types of assets and use by all types and sizes of organizations.

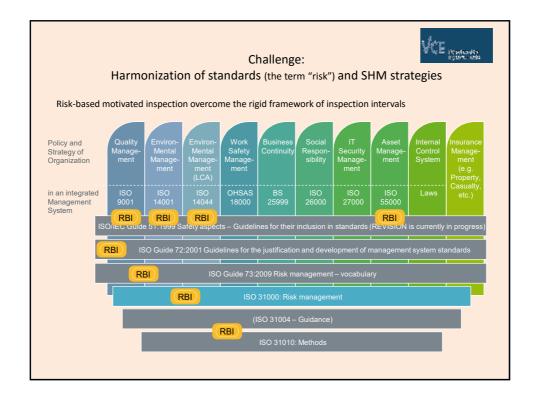
# **Quality management**

#### ISO 9001:2014/2015

# Quality management systems - Requirements

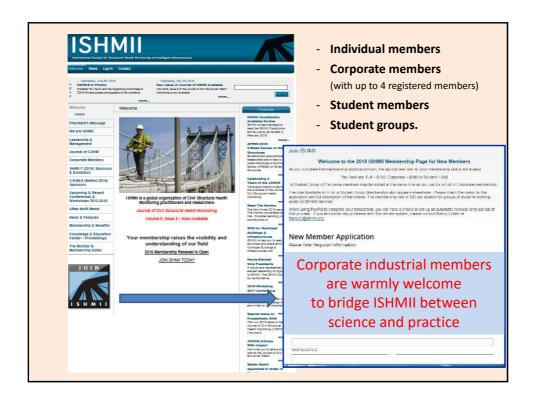
Revised ISO 9001 considers a proposal for a new Eurocode (EN) on Risk-based inspection (RBI)

RBI can be seen as a link between a standardized framework, i.e. ISO 55000 and ISO 31000, an the practical application to various industries and sectors.



# Positive effects when applying ISO 31000 and ISO 55000

- increases the likelihood of achieving objectives of the specific industry or user
- proactive management will be beneficial to the balance sheets,
- ISO 31000 improves the identification of opportunities and threats, the need to identify and treat risk throughout the organisation (integrated management concept) can be recognized
- establishes reliable basis for decision making and planning
- helps to allocate and use resources for risk treatment (mitigation)
- improves controls (operational effectiveness and efficiency)
- enhances health and safety performance as well as environmental protection
- supports financial reporting, governance, stakeholder confidence, and trust in the objectives will be improved
- minimises losses, improves loss prevention and incident management



Latin American SHM community is invited to cooperate with ISHMII and promote SHM to make structures intrinsically intelligent

**WWW.ISHMII.ORG** 



INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY FOR STRUCTURAL HEALTH MONITORING OF INTELLIGENT INFRASTRUCTURE